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Japanese Economy Monthly Forecast

December 2020

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Headlines

Review of data released in December

► This forecast reflects data released by December 28, 2020, including the government's second advance GDP estimate for 2020 Q3.

▶ With the release of the second advance GDP estimate, the base year in the national accounts (SNA) was updated. As a result of that change, the average annual nominal GDP in FY 1994-2019 was revised up by JPY 7.7 trillion, or about 1.5%. However, real GDP in FY 2019 declined for the first time in five years (-0.3% YoY).

► Comparing October with the Q3 average, consumptionrelated indicators (the Synthetic Consumption Index, the Consumption Trend Index and the Consumption Activity Index) all improved. However, the improvement has decelerated from Q3, and it is expected to slow down further as Covid-19 infections are on the rise.

▶ November data on total planned construction, capital goods shipments and inventories of final-demand goods have been released. As a result, we have made upward revisions in our forecasts for real private residential investment and changes in private inventories, but a downward revision in our forecast for real private capital investment.

▶ According to the Bank of Japan, real exports in November increased for the sixth month in a row (+3.7% MoM). Real imports increased for the third consecutive month (+2.7% MoM). Compared to the Q3 average, real exports and imports in October-November increased respectively +12.4% and +5.9%. Although net exports made a positive contribution to growth in October-November, their contribution in Q4 is likely to be smaller than that in Q3.

• 2020 Q4 real GDP growth forecast update

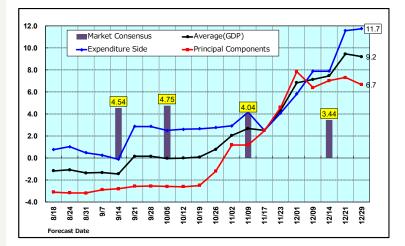
▶ Our forecast for real GDP growth (expenditure side) in 2020 Q4 is an annualized +11.7% QoQ. The productionside forecast figure is an annualized +6.7% QoQ. The average of the two is an annualized +9.2% (Figure 1). Although our forecast is higher than the market consensus, it is likely to be revised downwards as Covid-19 infections are on the rise, and household consumption is flagging.

2020 Q4 inflation forecast update

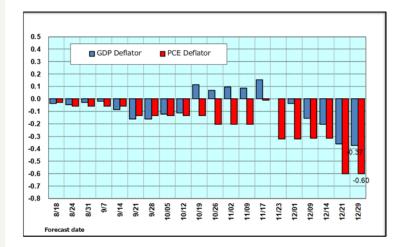
▶ In November, the national Consumer Price Index (CPI) decreased -0.9% YoY. It the fourth consecutive month of decline on a YoY basis, and the second one on a MoM basis (-0.1%, seasonally adjusted).

▶ Our CQM forecasts for the private final consumption expenditure deflator and the domestic demand deflator in 2020 Q4 are respectively -0.6% and -0.2% QoQ. As the terms of trade have improved somewhat, we forecast a GDP deflator of -0.4% QoQ (Figure 2).

Fig 1 CQM Forecast: Real GDP growth rate Oct-Dec (Q4) 2020 (%, QoQ annualized growth)







We used the Current Quarter Model (CQM) methodology developed by Professor Emeritus L. R. Klein to create two forecasting models for the Japanese economy: a demand-side model and a production-side (principal component analysis) model. We refer to the forecasts by the former model as the main series, and those by the latter model, as well as the average of both models, as the reference series. Forecasts made using the CQM model are renewed continuously, incorporating the latest weekly data, which makes it possible to determine and trace the impacts of the latest short-term trends on macroeconomic conditions.

Main Economic Indicators (latest)

Release	Data	Economic Indicator	Value/ In-	Change		
Date	Month		dex Score	МоМ	YoY	
12/28	November	Indices of Industrial Production (preliminary figures,				
		2015=100) Production	95.2	0.0%		
		Shipments	93.2 94.0	-0.9%		
		Inventories	94.0 94.6	-0.9 <i>%</i> -1.1%		
	November	Manufacturing Industry Input-Output Price Index (2011=100)	94.0	-1.170		
	November	Input price	94.0		-3.9%	
		Output price	97.5		-1.8%	
12/25	November	Labor Force Survey	57.5		-1.070	
	November	Total employment (millions)	67.01	+0.43		
		Total unemployment (millions)	1.98	+0.43		
		Unemployment rate (%)				
	November	General Job Placement Situation	2.9%	-0.2%pt		
	November	Job offers-to-applicants ratio	1.06	+0.02pt		
	November	Current Survey of Commerce (preliminary figures)	1.06	+0.02pt		
	november		12,570.0	2.00/	10 70/	
	Nevember	Retail trade (billion JPY)	12,570.0	-2.0%	+0.7%	
	November	New Housing Starts	70 700	10.00/	0 70/	
		New housing starts (SA, Unit)	70,798	+2.3%	-3.7%	
	Ostaban	Planned residential construction expenditure (billon JPY)	1,153.3	-1.5%	-6.2%	
	October	Construction Costs Deflator (2011=100)	111.0		4 4 0/	
		Housing construction	111.6		-1.1%	
		Public works	113.9		-1.0%	
	December	Tokyo Region Consumer Price Index (2015=100)	101.1	0.404	0.00/	
		Core	101.1	-0.1%	-0.9%	
12/24	November	Corporate Services Price Index (2015=100)				
		Overall index	104.4		-0.6%	
12/23	October	Index of Business Conditions (revised figures, 2015=100)				
		Leading indicators	94.3	+1.0		
		Coincident indicators	89.4	+4.6		
		Lagging indicators	91.2	-0.5		
12/22	October	Monthly Labor Statistics (final figures)				
		Total cash salary per capita (JPY)	270,381		-0.7%	
		Total working hours	141.1		+0.3%	
12/18	October	Synthetic Consumption Index (2011=100)	96.8	+2.1%		
	November	National Consumer Price Index (2015=100)				
		Core index	101.2	-0.1%	-0.9%	
12/17	October	General Construction Statistics				
		Private non-residential construction (billion JPY)	835.5		-10.7%	
		Public works (billion JPY)	2,129.5		+6.2%	
12/16	November	Trade Statistics (customs clearance level)				
		Trade balance (billion JPY)	366.8	+57.5%	+455.2	
		Exports (billion JPY)	6,113.6	-0.3%	-4.2%	
		Imports (billion JPY)	5,746.9	-4.0%	-11.1%	

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12/15	November	Public Works Advanced Securities Statistics			
		Contract amount (billion JPY)	881.4		-3.3%
		Number of contracts	20,329		-6.3%
12/14	October	Indices of Industrial Production (final figures, 2015=100)			
		Production capacity index	97.3		-0.9%
		Capacity utilization ratio	95.4	+6.0%	
		Production	95.2	+4.0%	
		Shipments	94.9	+4.9%	
		Inventory	95.7	-1.8%	
	October	Tertiary Industry Activity Index (2015=100)	98.3	+1.0%	
	October	Industrial Activity Index (2015=100)	97.6	+1.7%	
12/10	November	Domestic Corporate Price Index (2015=100)			
		Corporate Price	99.9	0.0%	-2.2%
		Export Price	90.1	0.0%	-2.1%
		Import Price	82.7	+0.5%	-10.6%
12/9	October	Private Core Machinery Orders (billion JPY)	842.5	+17.1%	
	October	Information Services Industry Sales (billion JPY)	817.9		-1.2%
12/8	October	Monthly Labor Statistics (preliminary figures)			
		Total cash salary per capita (JPY)	270,095		-0.8%
		Total working hours	140.9		+0.2%
	October	Family Income and Expenditure Survey (households with 2 or more people)			
		Nominal consumption expenditure (JPY)	283,508	+1.9%	+1.4%
		Real consumption expenditure		+2.1%	+1.9%
	October	Consumption Trend Index (2015=100)	96.0	+1.1%	
	November	Economy Watchers Survey			
		Current Conditions Diffusion Index	45.6	-8.9	
		Future Conditions Diffusion Index	36.5	-12.6	
	October	Balance of Payments			
		Current account (billion JPY)	2,144.7	+47.4%	+15.7%
		Exports (billion JPY)	6,319.8	+2.3%	-3.2%
		Imports (billion JPY)	5,348.8	+3.1%	-15.2%
12/7	October	Consumption Activity Index (2011=100)	97.8	+0.9%	
	October	Index of Business Conditions (preliminary, 2015=100)			
		Leading indicators	93.8	+0.5	
		Coincident indicators	89.7	+4.9	
		Lagging indicators	89.9	-1.8	
12/2	November	Food Buffer Stock (billion JPY)	+29.4		+11.8
	November	New Car Sales (vehicles)	336,908		+6.7%
	November	Consumer Confidence Index (SA)	33.7	+0.1	

	Real GDP			Defla	tor	Real GDP			Deflator		Real GDP			Deflator		
Forecast	Expenditure	Production	Average	GDP	PCE	Expenditure	Production	Average	GDP	PCE	Expenditur	Production	Average	GDP	PCE	
date	side	side (PCA)	Andruge		. 62	side	side (PCA)	Arcitige	001	. 62	e side	side (PCA)	, weitige	66	1.02	
uute	2020Q3							2020Q4			2021Q1					
		SAAR (%)		QoQ	(%)		SAAR (%)		QoQ	(%)		SAAR (%)		QoQ	Q (%)	
5/19	-0.2		-0.4	-0.1	0.0											
5/25	-1.7	-0.5	-1.1	-0.1	0.0											
6/01	-1.9	0.9	-0.5	-0.1	0.0											
6/08																
6/09	-0.2		-0.2	-0.1	0.0											
6/15			0.2	0.6	0.0											
6/22	-1.5	0.3	-0.6	0.6	0.0											
6/29 7/06	-1.5 -2.0	0.3	-0.6 -2.1	0.6	0.0 0.0											
7/06	-2.0	-2.1 -2.4	-2.1	0.6 0.0	0.0											
7/13	-2.1	-2.4	-2.3	0.0	0.0											
7/27	0.2	-2.7	-1.3	0.0	0.0											
8/03	0.4	-1.3	-0.4	0.0	0.0											
8/12	5.4	-0.6	2.4	0.0	0.0											
8/17																
8/18	4.7	0.0	2.3	0.0	0.2	0.8	-3.1	-1.2	0.0	0.0						
8/24	12.1	10.5	11.3	0.0	0.4					-0.1						
8/31	13.2	10.5	11.8	0.0	0.4	0.5	-3.2	-1.4	0.0	-0.1						
9/07	12.1	15.2	13.6	0.1	0.4	0.2	-2.9	-1.3	0.0	-0.1						
9/08																
9/14	10.1	14.8	12.5	0.1	0.4		-2.8			-0.1						
9/21	7.7	16.4	12.0	0.0	0.3				-0.2	-0.1						
9/28	7.7	16.3	12.0	0.0	0.3					-0.1						
10/05	7.8	17.1	12.4	-0.1	0.3					-0.1						
10/12	12.9	17.8	15.4	-0.2	0.3					-0.1						
10/19	12.9	17.7	15.3	-0.1	0.3		-2.5			-0.1						
10/26	17.2	18.8	18.0	-0.2	0.2					-0.2						
11/02 11/09	17.8 20.3	20.1 21.4	18.9	-0.2	0.2 0.2					-0.2 -0.2						
11/09	20.3	21.4	20.9	-0.2 0.3	0.2					-0.2						
11/10	21.4			0.5	0.1	2.5				0.0		3.9	2.8	-0.1	-0.1	
11/17						4.1	2.5			-0.3			2.0	-0.1		
12/01						5.8				-0.3			2.6	-0.1		
12/01	22.9*			0.2*	0.3*	5.0	7.0	0.0	0.0	-0.0	1.0	5.4	2.0	-0.1	-0.1	
12/00	11.5			0.2	0.0	7.9	6.4	7.1	-0.2	-0.3	1.5	1.6	1.6	-0.1	-0.1	
12/14						7.9				-0.3				-0.2		
12/21						11.6				-0.6			1.7	-0.3		
12/29						11.7	6.7	9.2		-0.6			1.5	-0.3		

CQM Forecast: GDP Tracking

Note: Underlined figures are 1st preliminary estimates, and figures marked by * are 2nd preliminary estimates.