

Japanese Economy Monthly Forecast

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Headlines

• Review of data released in October

We estimated the Q3 GDP using available official data as of November 1st. Of major data required for a complete Q3 GDP calculation, only private final consumption expenditure indicators (the September household survey and the synthetic consumption index) have not been released yet.

The Q3 index of industrial production registered a negative trend for the first time in two quarters, declining -0.6% QoQ. The Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry (METI) kept unchanged its assessment of the economy as "bearish".

Retail sales in September, the month before the consumption tax hike, registered the largest increase since the one seen in the month leading up to the previous tax hike (March 2014). The seasonally adjusted figure was +7.1% MoM, the second straight month in positive territory.

Private housing and private capital investment both remained robust before the consumption tax hike. The Q3 planned residential construction expenditure rose +8.7% QoQ, while the Q3 capital goods shipments index climbed +3.6% QoQ.

▶ Q3 net goods exports expanded QoQ (BOJ).

• 2019 Q3 real GDP growth forecast update

Reflecting the latest data updates, this week's CQM expenditure-side forecast for Q3 real GDP growth is an annualized +0.8% QoQ. The production-side principal component analysis forecast is an annualized +0.9% QoQ. The average of the two forecasts is an annualized +0.9% QoQ (Figure 1).

The last-minute surge in demand before the consumption tax hike on October 1st can be clearly observed in September data on retail sales. Once the private final consumption indicators for September have been released, the final forecast for Q3 real GDP growth might be revised upwards to an annualized ballpark figure of +2% QoQ.

• 2019 Q3 inflation forecast update

The national consumer price index (CPI) in September remained in positive territory for the 33rd consecutive month, decelerating slightly from the previous month. The seasonally adjusted MoM figure was -0.1%, decreasing for the first time in three months. As a result, Q3 CPI remained unchanged from the previous quarter.

The CQM forecast for the Q3 private final consumption expenditure deflator is +0.1% QoQ. The Q3 domestic demand deflator is expected to be -0.0%. As the terms of trade are improving, we forecast an overall GDP deflator of +0.2% QoQ (Figure 2).

Fig 1 CQM Forecast: Real GDP growth rate Jul-Sep (Q3) 2019 (%, QoQ annualized growth)

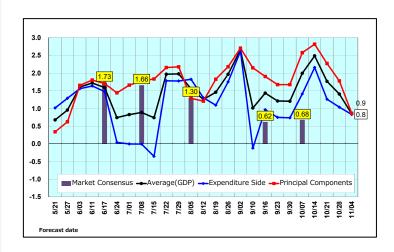
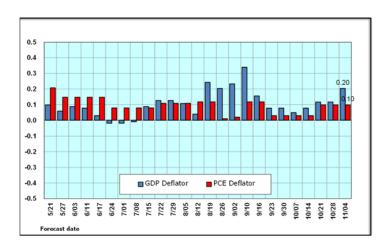


Fig 2 CQM Forecast: Inflation Jul-Sep (Q3) 2019 (%, QoQ growth)



We used the Current Quarter Model (CQM) methodology developed by Professor Emeritus L. R. Klein to create two forecasting models for the Japanese economy: a demand-side model and a production-side (principal component analysis) model. We refer to the forecasts by the former model as the main series, and those by the latter model, as well as the average of both models, as the reference series. Forecasts made using the CQM model are renewed continuously, incorporating the latest weekly data, which makes it possible to determine and trace the impacts of the latest short-term trends on macroeconomic conditions.



Main Economic Indicators released in October/November

Release Date	Data	Economic Indicator	Value/ In-	Change		
	Month	Economic indicator	dex Score	МоМ	YoY	
11/1	October	New Car Sales (vehicles)	259,905		-25.1%	
	September	Labor Force Survey				
		Total employment (millions)	67.30	-0.05		
		Total unemployment (millions)	1.67	+0.13		
		Unemployment rate (%)	2.4%	+0.2%pt		
	September	General Job Placement Situation				
		Job offers-to-applicants ratio	1.57	-0.02pt		
10/31	September	Indices of Industrial Production (preliminary figures, 2015=100)				
		Production	102.9	+1.4%		
		Shipments	102.5	+1.3%		
		Inventory	102.7	-1.6%		
	September	Current Survey of Commerce (preliminary figures)				
		Retail trade (billion JPY)	12,589	+7.1%	+9.1%	
	September	New Housing Starts				
		New housing starts (SA, Unit)	77,915	+0.7%	-4.9%	
		Planned residential construction expenditure (billon JPY)	1,314.8	-14.9%	+3.0%	
	September	Construction Costs Deflator (2011=100)				
		Housing construction	111.1		+2.5%	
		Public works	113.2		+3.0%	
	October	Consumer Confidence Index (SA)	36.2	+0.6		
10/30	September	Manufacturing Industry Input-Output Price Index (2011=100)				
		Input price	97.9		-3.0%	
		Output price	99.3		-1.7%	
10/29	October	Tokyo Region Consumer Price Index (2015=100)				
		Core	101.8	+0.2%	+0.5%	
10/28	September	Corporate Service Price Index (2015=100)				
		Overall index	102.8		+0.5%	
10/24	August	Index of Business Conditions (revised figures, 2015=100)				
		Leading indicators	91.9	-1.8		
		Coincident indicators	99.0	-0.7		
		Lagging indicators	104.7	0.0		
10/23	August	Monthly Labor Statistics (final figures)				
10/20		Total cash salary per capita (JPY)	276,699		-0.1%	
		Total working hours	135.8		-3.0%	
	August	Industrial Activity Indices (2010=100)				
	19	All industries	106.2	0.0%		
		Construction industry	111.5	-0.6%		
10/21	September	Trade Statistics (customs clearance level)		2.070		
10/21	September	Trade balance (billion JPY)	-123.0	-16.7%	-191.1	
		Exports (billion JPY)	6,368.5	+1.4%	-5.2%	
		Imports (billion JPY)	6,491.5	+1.4%	-5.2% -1.5%	
	I	IIIIhorra (niiiini 1 al 1)	0,481.0	⊤1.170	-1.5%	
10/18	September	National Consumer Price Index (2015=100)				

10/17	August	Synthetic Consumption Index (2011=100)	104.2	-0.2%	
	August	Overall Construction Statistics			
		Private construction: Non-residential (billion JPY)	908.9		+0.1%
		Public works (billion JPY)	1,768.8		+7.7%
10/15	August	Indices of Industrial Production (final figures, 2015=100)			
		Production capacity index	97.8		-0.7%
		Capacity utilization ratio	99.3	-2.9%	
		Production	101.5	-1.2%	
		Shipments	101.2	-1.3%	
		Inventory	104.4	-0.1%	
	September	Public Works Advanced Securities Statistics			
		Contract amount (billion JPY)	1,275.1		+4.6%
		Number of contracts	26,222		+0.1%
	August	Tertiary Industry Activity Index (2010=100)	107.3	+0.4%	
10/10	August	Private Core Machinery Orders (billion JPY)	875.3	-2.4%	
	August	Information Services Industry Sales (billion JPY)	839.1		+6.2%
	September	Domestic Corporate Price Index (2015=100)			
		Corporate Price	100.9	0.0%	-1.1%
		Export Price	91.6	+0.1%	-6.0%
		Import Price	92.3	-0.4%	-9.3%
10/8	August	Monthly Labor Statistics (preliminary figures)			
		Total cash salary per capita (JPY)	276,296		-0.2%
		Total working hours	136.0		-2.8%
	August	Family Income and Expenditure Survey (households with 2 or more people)			
		Nominal consumption expenditure (JPY)	296,327	+2.6%	+1.3%
		Real consumption expenditure		+2.4%	+1.0%
	August	Consumption Trend Index (2015=100)	102.3	+0.1%	
	September	Economy Watchers Survey			
		Current Conditions Diffusion Index	46.7	+3.9	
		Future Conditions Diffusion Index	36.9	-2.8	
	August	Balance of Payments			
		Current account (billion JPY)	2,157.7	+4.4%	+18.3%
		Exports (billion JPY)	6,080.8	-1.1%	-8.6%
		Imports (billion JPY)	6,029.9	-1.3%	-12.7%
10/7	August	Consumption Activity Index (2011=100)	107.1	+3.1%	
	August	Index of Business Conditions (preliminary, 2015=100)			
		Leading indicators	91.7	-2.0	
		Coincident indicators	99.3	-0.4	
		Lagging indicators	104.7	0.0	
10/2	September	Food Buffer Stock (billion JPY)	15.1		+4.2
	September	New Car Sales (vehicles)	458,856		+13.6%
	September	Consumer Confidence Index (SA)	35.6	-1.5	

CQM Forecast Tracking

	Real GDP			Defla	tor		Real GDP		Defl	ator		Real GDP		Defla	tor			
Forecast date	Expenditure side	Production side (PCA)	Average	GDP	PCE	Expenditur e side	Production side (PCA)	Average	GDP	PCE	Expenditur e side	Production side (PCA)	Average	GDP	PCE			
uute	2019Q2					2	019Q3					2019Q4	9Q4					
	SAAR (%) QoQ (9		(%)	SAAR (%)		QoQ	oQ (%)		SAAR (%)		QoQ (%)							
5/21	1.4	3.4	2.4	-0.3	-0.4	1.0	0.3	0.7	0.1	0.2								
5/27	1.1	2.2	1.6	0.0	-0.1	1.3	0.6	1.0	0.1	0.1								
6/03	0.9	1.5	1.2	0.0	-0.1	1.6	1.7	1.6	0.1	0.1								
6/10																		
6/11	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.0	-0.1	1.6	1.8	1.7	0.1	0.1								
6/17	2.3	1.5	1.9	-0.1	-0.1	1.5	1.7	1.6	0.0	0.1								
6/24	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.2	-0.1	0.0	1.4	0.7	0.0	0.1								
7/01	0.2	0.6	0.4	-0.2	-0.1	0.0	1.7	0.8	0.0	0.1								
7/08	0.2	2.0	1.1	-0.2	-0.1	0.0	1.8	0.9	0.0	0.1								
7/15	2.1	1.6	1.9	-0.1	-0.1	-0.4	1.8	0.7	0.1	0.1								
7/22	2.1	2.5	2.3	-0.1	-0.1	1.8	2.2	2.0	0.1	0.1								
7/29	2.1	2.4	2.3	-0.1	-0.1	1.8	2.2	2.0	0.1	0.1								
8/05	1.5	2.1	1.8	-0.1	-0.1	1.8	1.3	1.6	0.1	0.1								
8/08	<u>1.8</u>			-0.0	0.1													
8/12						1.3	1.2	1.3	0.0	0.1	-0.9	-1.2	-1.1	-0.1	0.1			
8/19						1.1	1.8	1.5	0.2	0.1	-0.8	-1.1	-1.0	0.0	0.1			
8/26						1.8	2.2	2.0	0.2	0.0	-0.6	-0.7	-0.7	0.0	0.1			
9/02						2.6	2.7	2.7	0.2	0.0	-0.7	-0.7	-0.7	0.0	0.1			
9/09	1.3*			-0.1*	0.1*	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
9/10						-0.1	2.1	1.0	0.3	0.1	-0.3	-0.6	-0.5	0.0	0.1			
9/16						1.0	1.9	1.4	0.2	0.1	-0.6	-0.8	-0.7	-0.1	0.1			
9/23						0.7	1.7	1.2	0.1	0.0	-1.0	-0.9	-1.0	-0.1	0.1			
9/30						0.7	1.7	1.2	0.1	0.0	-1.0	-0.9	-1.0	-0.1	0.1			
10/07						1.4	2.6	2.0	0.0	0.0	-0.2	-0.6	-0.4	-0.1	0.1			
10/14						2.2	2.8	2.5	0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.5	-0.3	0.0	0.1			
10/21						1.3	2.3	1.8	0.1	0.1	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	0.1	0.2			
10/28						1.0	1.8	1.4	0.1	0.1	-0.4	-0.8	-0.6	0.1	0.2			
11/04						0.8	0.9	0.9	0.2	0.1	-1.7	-1.9	-1.8	0.1	0.2			

Note: Underlined figures are 1st preliminary estimates, and figures marked by * are 2nd preliminary estimates.